

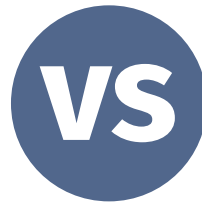


CBTi vs. Sleeping Pills for treating Insomnia



CBTi

FIRST-LINE EVIDENCE-BASED
TREATMENT FOR INSOMNIA



Sleeping Pills

ANY MEDICATION OR SUBSTANCE
USED TO MAKE YOU SLEEPY

First-line treatment for insomnia.

EXPERT RECOMMENDATIONS

Second-line treatment for insomnia.

Designed to fix the causes of insomnia, including what keeps it going.

HOW IT WORKS

Effect chemicals in the brain. Doesn't address the underlying causes of insomnia.

More effective than sleeping pills overall. Notice improved sleep within 1-2 weeks of getting started.

EFFECTIVENESS

More effective than CBTi in the first week only. Get to sleep 10-15 minutes faster and sleep for 20-25 minutes longer.

A 6-week program can lead to months and years of better sleep.

DURATION

Lose effect over time with nightly use and can lead to taking higher doses.

Prevents insomnia from returning.

PREVENTION

Don't prevent insomnia. Often cause sleep problems when stopped abruptly.

Safe, with very few restrictions on who can use it. Can experience daytime sleepiness, reduced alertness, and slowed reactions when starting time-in-bed restriction therapy.

RISKS

Next-day sedation, memory problems, confusion, impaired driving, loss of balance, falls, broken bones & other injuries, pneumonia, drug dependence & withdrawal, drug interactions, overdose.

For teens and adults of all ages with or without other health issues. It can be modified to suit your needs.

WHO COULD USE IT

Sleeping pills are only to be used short-term by adults and are not recommended for children or people 65 and older.

A typical CBTi course ends after 6 weeks.

LENGTH OF TREATMENT

A short-term plan (1-2 weeks) can evolve into years of use with no exit strategy.

Improves well-being, anxiety and depression symptoms, and quality of life.

OTHER BENEFITS

Early benefits on quality of life can reverse due to the development of drug dependence and other side effects.

Available in multiple formats including self-guided (books, apps, and online courses) and therapist-guided (online, in-person) programs.

AVAILABILITY

Widely available.
Requires visits to prescribers and pharmacies.

Some health insurance plans pay for some or all CBTi costs. Cost varies depending on the CBTi program and format.

COSTS

Most health insurance plans pay for some or all sleeping pill costs. Personal and health system costs can be high due to side effects and risks.